

0.7%

2.8%

Aged 85 &

over

Female

Reigate and

Banstead oo8A

8

□ Surrey

1725 residents (2022) in 702 households (2021

Census)

8.7%

7.7%

Aged

10 to 15

7.8%

6.6%

Aged

5 to 9

66.6%

61.9%

Aged 16

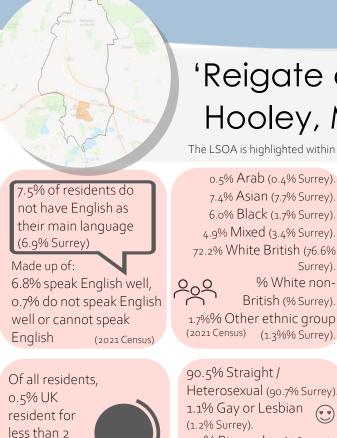
to 64

7.7%

14.9%

Aaed 65

to 84



## (2021 Census) (1.3%% Surrey). 90.5% Straight / Heterosexual (90.7% Surrey). 1.1% Gay or Lesbian (1.2% Surrey). 1.2% Bisexual (1.1% Surrey). 0.5% Other sexual orientation (0.3% Surrey). as a % of aged 16 and over (2021

years (1.6% D/B, 1.9% Surrey, 1.9% England) (2021 Census)

(2021)Census)

> 17.3% residents do not hold a passport (7.9% D/B, 7.6% Surrey, 13.2%

> > England)



The LSOA is highlighted within the ward (outlined)

Surrey).

British (% Surrev).

Census\*)

19.9% disabled under the Equality Act (made up of 9.7% day-to-day activity limited 'a lot' and 10.2% limited 'a

little'). Plus 7.5% not disabled under Equality Act but

have long-term physical or mental health conditions

Personal Independence Payment (PIP) for 13.4% of

residents aged 65 and under (Oct-22). Attendance

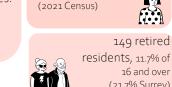
Allowance for 15.3% of over 65s (Aug-22).

0.4% Buddhist (0.6% Surrey). 44.4% Christian (50.1% Surrey). 0.2% Hindu (2.0% Surrey). o.o Jewish (o.o Surrey). 4.7% Muslim (3.2%Surrey). Lis En 0.3% Sikh (0.6% Surrey). % White nono.3% Other (0.5% Surrey). 43.2% No religious belief (2021 Census) (36.6% Surrey).

> 99.4% of respondents' gender identity is the same as sex identified at birth (cis) (99.6% Surrey), 0.2% trans women, 0.1% trans men, 0.2% all other gender identities.

4.9% did not respond to the gender identity question.

(2021 Census)



(27.1% Surrey)

8.8% of residents provide unpaid care (7.9% D/B)  $\heartsuit$ (2021 Census) 2

4.3% of residents provide 35 hours or over a week (2.8% D/B)

dependent children (234 households) 29.1% of which have only one parent in the (2021 household Census)

33.4% households include

Male 85 to 89 80 to 84 75 to 79 258 residents live alone 70 to 74 (36.9% of all households) 65 to 69 60 to 64 13 55 to 59 50 to 54 45 to 49 40 to 44 35 to 39 16 and over (21.7% Surrey) 30 to 34 25 to 29 20 to 24 15 to 19 10 to 14

8.6%

borough: 6.0%

Aged

o to 4

District/

90 and over

5 to 9 o to 4 8 6 2 0 2 Percentage of whole population (2022 estimates)





Index of Multiple Deprivat	tion (IMD,	1st = most
2019) ranks within Surrey (d	'deprived'	
-		
		1.11.

1st Overall Deprivation. 1st Income. 1st Employment. 17th Education, Skills & Training.

1st Health & Disability. 3rd Crime. 334th Barriers to Housing & Services. 148th Living Environment.

38.5% households were not classified as deprived in any dimension (employment, education, housing, or health) (57.0% in D/B, 57.1% Surrey). (2021 Census)

8.8% of households deprived in three dimensions.



15.0% of all children are in absolute low-income families (7.0% in D/B, 6.9% in Surrey, 15.6% in England)

57.3% of which are in lone parent families. 36.0% of which are in out of work families. (2023)

Youth unemployment: 9.1% of 18-24s are in receipt of Universal Credit or Jobseeker's Allowance (3.0% in D/B, 2.70.0% Surrey)



Adult unemployment: 4.4% of all adults are in receipt of UC or JSA (2.0% in D/B, 2.2% Surrey)

36.8% pensioners are in poverty (6.0% in D/B, 6.1% in Surrey)





10.9% of households were in fuel poverty in 2022, which is likely to have risen considerably (8.0% in D/B)

1.1% of households are without central heating (1.0% D/B, 1.0% Surrey) (2021 Census)







0.00% of residents live in communal

establishments (i.e. prisons, care homes,

(2.0% in D/B, 2.3% Surrey) (2021 Census)

hospitals, hotels, university halls, religious 🗯

30.9% of households do not have

access to a vehicle (13.0% D/B,

11.7% Surrey) (2021 Census)

Sectors with the most local jobs (2022)

(2021 Census)

establishments)

16.4% households are 'overcrowded' (5.0% D/B, 5.0% Surrey

& 10.4% of households have overcrowded bedrooms

7.3% households not connected to the gas network (8.0% in D/B) (2022)

with the most local jobs (2022) 35.0% health,	Surrey, 18.1% England) 10.1% higher managerial, admin Surrey),	
30.0% retail		Occupations of residents (2021 Census) 10.1% higher managerial, admin. & prof. (19.5% D/B, 20.2% Surrey), 19.3% lower managerial, admin. & prof. (24.3% D/B, 23.6% Surrey),
ouseholds are 'overcrowded' (5.0% D/B, 5.0% Surrey) of households have overcrowded bedrooms sus)		<ul> <li>12.3% intermediate (13.3% D/B, 12.2% Surrey),</li> <li>9.8% small employers and own account workers (12.0% D/B,</li> <li>11.9% Surrey),</li> <li>7.1% lower supervisory and technical (4.2% D/B, 4.1% Surrey),</li> <li>13.3% semi-routine (8.7% D/B, 8.4% Surrey),</li> <li>13.4% routine (7.1% D/B, 6.8% Surrey).</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>2.6% of housing is owner-occupied (73.0% in D/B, 71.7% Surrey).</li> <li>52.3% of housing is social rented (12.0% in D/B, 11.4% Surrey).</li> <li>5.1% is private rented – private landlord or letting agency (14.0% in D/B, 14.9% Surrey).(2021 Census)</li> </ul>		
		338.6 overall crime offences per 1,000 people (94.0 in D/B,

100.9 in Surrey, 131.3 in England) 9.9% land = ۵<sup>°</sup> residential, 29.4% land = residential gardens, 0.4% land = community buildings, 12.6% land = 🚛 🗮 outdoor recreation, 3.9% of land = forest, open land, & water.

ALLA

(2022)

(Mar-2023 to Feb-2024)

## Estimated disease prevalence (2022/23)

96.8 violent crime and sexual offences (35.0 in D/B)

76.5 anti-social behaviour (15.0 in D/B)

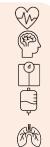
4.3 burglary (8.0 in D/B)

1.2 robbery (1.0 in D/B)

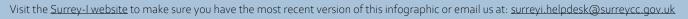
2.9 vehicle crime (6.0 in D/B) 18.6 criminal damage (9.0 in D/B)

2.3 drug crime (2.0 in D/B)

12.4% high blood pressure (13.5% D/B, 13.5% Surrey) 14.4% depression (11.9% D/B, 11.9% Surrey) 10.1% obesity (9.0% D/B, 8.8% Surrey) 7.3% diabetes (6.4% D/B, 6.0% Surrey) 6.4% asthma (6.1% D/B, 5.8% Surrey)



'D/B' = District/Borough. This neighbourhood is in Reigate and Banstead.





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