

# 'Mole Valley 011D' in Dorking South

The LSOA is highlighted within the ward (outlined)

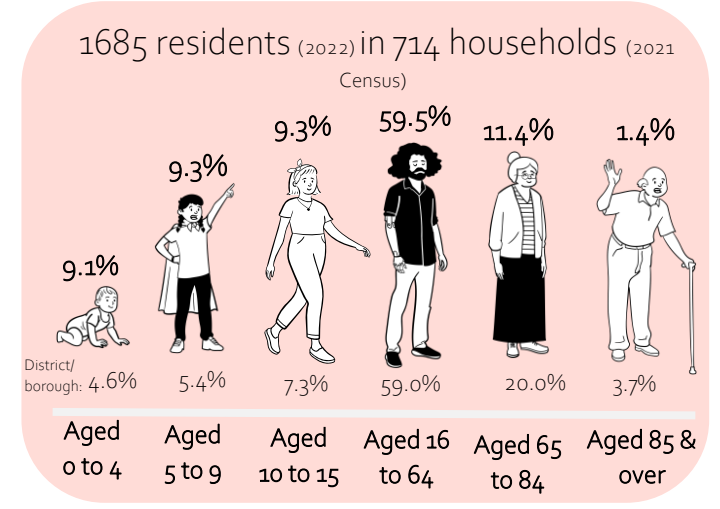
6.3% of residents do not have English as their main language (6.9% Surrey)

Made up of:  
5.0% speak English well,  
1.3% do not speak English well or cannot speak English (2021 Census)

0.8% Arab (0.4% Surrey).  
4.3% Asian (7.7% Surrey).  
1.8% Black (1.7% Surrey).  
3.1% Mixed (3.4% Surrey).  
82.4% White British (76.6% Surrey).  
% White non-British (% Surrey).  
0.9% Other ethnic group (2021 Census) (1.3% Surrey).

0.4% Buddhist (0.6% Surrey).  
42.3% Christian (50.1% Surrey).  
0.7% Hindu (2.0% Surrey).  
0.0% Jewish (0.0 Surrey).  
3.6% Muslim (3.2% Surrey).  
0.1% Sikh (0.6% Surrey).  
0.5% Other (0.5% Surrey).  
46.5% No religious belief (2021 Census) (36.6% Surrey).

37.0% households include dependent children (264 households)  
41.3% of which have only one parent in the household  
(2021 Census)



Of all residents, 0.9% UK resident for less than 2 years (1.0% D/B, 1.9% Surrey, 1.9% England) (2021 Census)

90.8% Straight / Heterosexual (90.7% Surrey).  
1.2% Gay or Lesbian (1.2% Surrey).  
0.9% Bisexual (1.1% Surrey).  
0.2% Other sexual orientation (0.3% Surrey).  
as a % of aged 16 and over (2021 Census\*)

99.6% of respondents' gender identity is the same as sex identified at birth (cis) (99.6% Surrey), 0.1% trans women, 0.1% trans men, 0.1% all other gender identities.  
5.3% did not respond to the gender identity question.

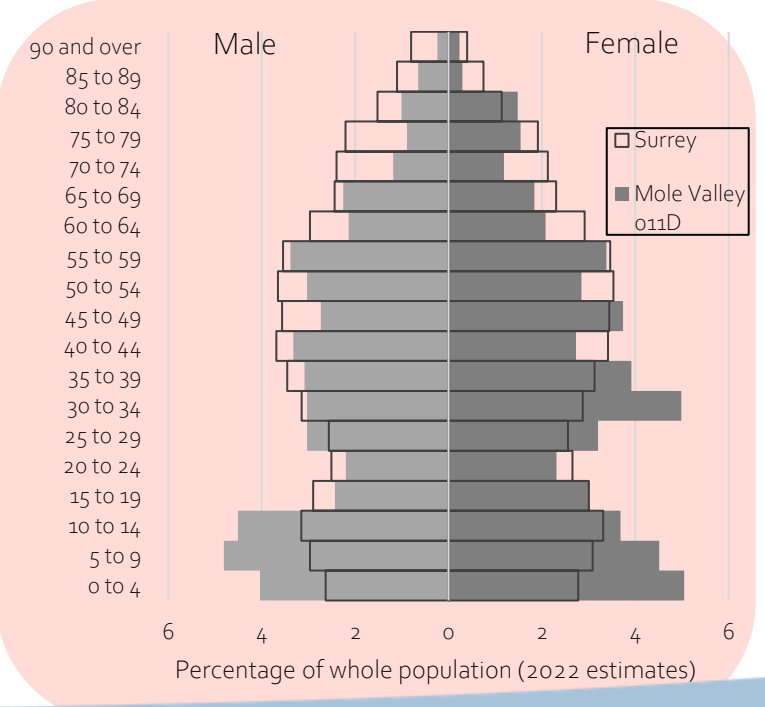
226 residents live alone (31.7% of all households) (27.1% Surrey) (2021 Census)

209 retired residents, 16.3% of 16 and over (21.7% Surrey)

23.2% residents do not hold a passport (7.6% D/B, 7.6% Surrey, 13.2% England) (2021 Census)

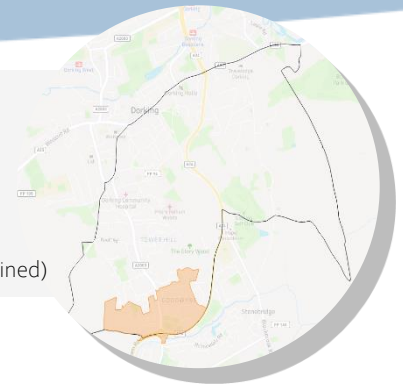
20.6% disabled under the Equality Act (made up of 8.5% day-to-day activity limited 'a lot' and 12.2% limited 'a little'). Plus 8.1% not disabled under Equality Act but have long-term physical or mental health conditions (2021 Census)  
Personal Independence Payment (PIP) for 11.4% of residents aged 65 and under (Oct-22). Attendance Allowance for 12.0% of over 65s (Aug-22).

10.2% of residents provide unpaid care (8.7% D/B) (2021 Census)  
3.8% of residents provide 35 hours or over a week (2.8% D/B)



'D/B' = District/Borough. This neighbourhood is in Mole Valley.

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Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD, 2019) ranks *within Surrey* (out of 709): *1st = most 'deprived'*

**6th Overall Deprivation.**  
 3rd Income.  
 6th Employment.  
 4th Education, Skills & Training.  
 20th Health & Disability.  
 85th Crime.  
 505th Barriers to Housing & Services.  
 228th Living Environment.

33.1% households were not classified as deprived in any dimension (employment, education, housing, or health) (57.0% in D/B, 57.1% Surrey). (2021 Census)

6.9% of households deprived in three dimensions.

16.1% of all children are in absolute low-income families (7.0% in D/B, 6.9% in Surrey, 15.6% in England)  
 39.1% of which are in lone parent families.  
 31.0% of which are in out of work families. (2023)

Youth unemployment: 4.6% of 18-24s are in receipt of Universal Credit or Jobseeker's Allowance (2.0% in D/B, 2.70.0% Surrey)  
 Adult unemployment: 5.0% of all adults are in receipt of UC or JSA (2.0% in D/B, 2.2% Surrey) (May 2024)

13.0% pensioners are in poverty (5.0% in D/B, 6.1% in Surrey) (Nov 2023)

11.7% of households were in fuel poverty in 2022, which is likely to have risen considerably (9.0% in D/B)

1.8% of households are without central heating (1.0% D/B, 1.0% Surrey) (2021 Census)

**Sectors with the most local jobs (2022)**   
 40.0% business administration and support services

28.2% adults have no qualifications (12.3% D/B, 12.9% Surrey, 18.1% England) (2021 Census)

13.3% households are 'overcrowded' (5.0% D/B, 5.0% Surrey) & 8.1% of households have overcrowded bedrooms (2021 Census)

32.5% of housing is owner-occupied (74.0% in D/B, 71.7% Surrey).  
 60.5% of housing is social rented (12.0% in D/B, 11.4% Surrey).  
 5.9% is private rented – private landlord or letting agency (12.0% in D/B, 14.9% Surrey). (2021 Census)

0.00% of residents live in communal establishments (i.e. prisons, care homes, hospitals, hotels, university halls, religious establishments) (1.0% in D/B, 2.3% Surrey) (2021 Census)

24.6% of households do not have access to a vehicle (12.0% D/B, 11.7% Surrey) (2021 Census)

67% lower carbon footprint per person than the D/B average (52% lower than England) (2021)

1.4% households not connected to the gas network (14.0% in D/B) (2022)

8.5% land = residential,   
 28.7% land = residential gardens,  
 7.1% land = community buildings,   
 0.4% land = outdoor recreation,   
 20.5% of land = forest, open land, & water. (2022)

**Occupations of residents (2021 Census)**   
 6.5% higher managerial, admin. & prof. (21.0% D/B, 20.2% Surrey),  
 13.5% lower managerial, admin. & prof. (24.5% D/B, 23.6% Surrey),  
 12.2% intermediate (12.5% D/B, 12.2% Surrey),  
 12.7% small employers and own account workers (13.7% D/B, 11.9% Surrey),  
 7.7% lower supervisory and technical (4.1% D/B, 4.1% Surrey),   
 17.6% semi-routine (8.1% D/B, 8.4% Surrey),  
 15.8% routine (6.0% D/B, 6.8% Surrey).

157.3 overall crime offences per 1,000 people (91.0 in D/B, 100.9 in Surrey, 131.3 in England)  
 18.4 anti-social behaviour (13.0 in D/B)  
 14.0 burglary (7.0 in D/B)  
 78.3 violent crime and sexual offences (30.0 in D/B)  
 0.0 robbery (0.0 in D/B)  
 4.2 vehicle crime (6.0 in D/B)  
 20.2 criminal damage (8.0 in D/B)  
 4.7 drug crime (2.0 in D/B) (Mar-2023 to Feb-2024)

**Estimated disease prevalence (2022/23)**   
 17.2% high blood pressure (15.6% D/B, 13.5% Surrey)  
 10.0% depression (11.5% D/B, 11.9% Surrey)   
 5.8% obesity (7.3% D/B, 8.8% Surrey)   
 6.0% diabetes (5.9% D/B, 6.0% Surrey)   
 7.1% asthma (6.4% D/B, 5.8% Surrey)

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