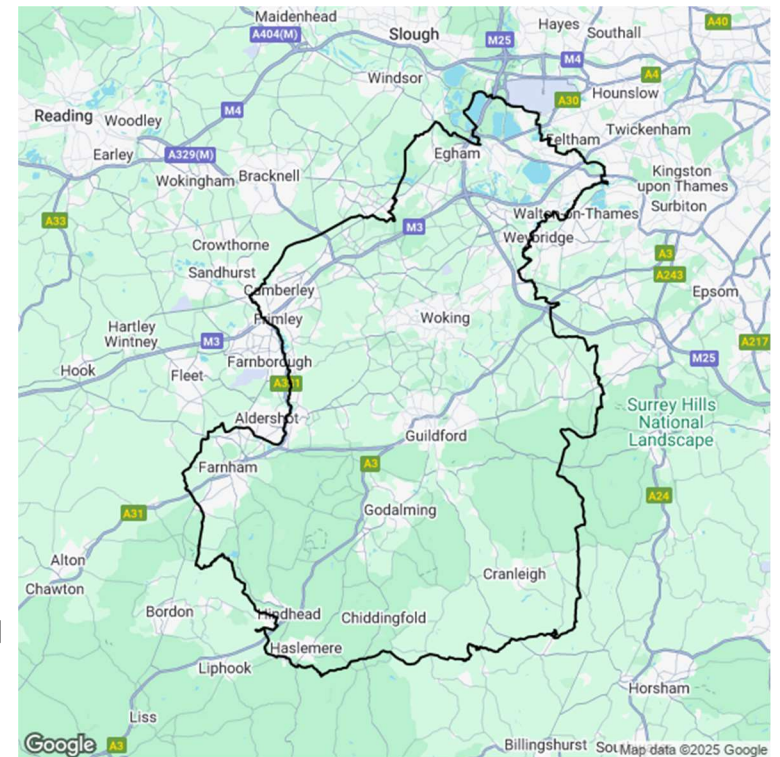


Local Insight England Summary Report

West Surrey UA

Created for Surrey County Council on 28 October 2025

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About the indicators

OCSI routinely collect all small-area data published by more than 50 government agencies and other reputable bodies. We identify key indicators relevant to local authorities, grantmakers and charities to include within this report and the Local Insight platform.

We manage and maintain all the data and provide comprehensive metadata so that you can be confident you are using the most up-to-date data.

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How we have identified the area of West Surrey UA

This report is based on the “West Surrey UA” area, created by Surrey County Council. The map image of the area is shown at the beginning of this report. The map imagery is provided by Google, using boundary definitions published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS). Statistical and geographic data are sourced from the ONS and are used under the terms of the Open Government Licence v3.0. Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right [2025].

We use sophisticated aggregation and apportioning methods to calculate the data values used in the charts and tables in this report.

Alongside data for the “West Surrey UA” area, we also display data for the selected comparator areas: Surrey and South East.

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Population

Population Composition

The table below provides insight into the population composition in West Surrey UA. These population figures provide detail of the structure of the population by broad age bands and sex. This data is taken from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) 2022 Mid-Year Population Estimates.

There are 664,990 people in West Surrey UA. This is smaller than the population of Surrey (1,217,048) and smaller than the population of South East (9,387,286).

Population Composition						
Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Total	664,990	-	1,217,048	-	9,387,286	-
Male	325,695	48.98%	593,747	48.79%	4,593,507	48.93%
Female	339,295	51.02%	623,301	51.21%	4,793,779	51.07%
0 to 15	123,373	18.55%	233,882	19.22%	1,745,770	18.60%
16 to 64	417,315	62.76%	751,172	61.72%	5,794,533	61.73%

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Population Composition

Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
65 and over	124,302	18.69%	231,994	19.06%	1,846,983	19.68%

Source: Office for National Statistics (ONS)

Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

The following visualisations draw upon data from the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) to give insight into vulnerable populations in West Surrey UA, Surrey, South East. The Indices of Deprivation 2019 are a relative measure of deprivation for small areas (Lower-layer Super Output Areas) across England. The overall Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019 combines together indicators under seven different domains of deprivation: Income Deprivation; Employment Deprivation; Education Skills and Training Deprivation; Health Deprivation and Disability; Crime; Barriers to Housing and Services and Living Environment Deprivation. A higher score indicates that an area is experiencing high levels of deprivation.

The boxes below show the IMD score and rank (average LSOA Rank, where a lower rank indicates that an area is experiencing high levels of deprivation) for West Surrey UA, Surrey and South East.

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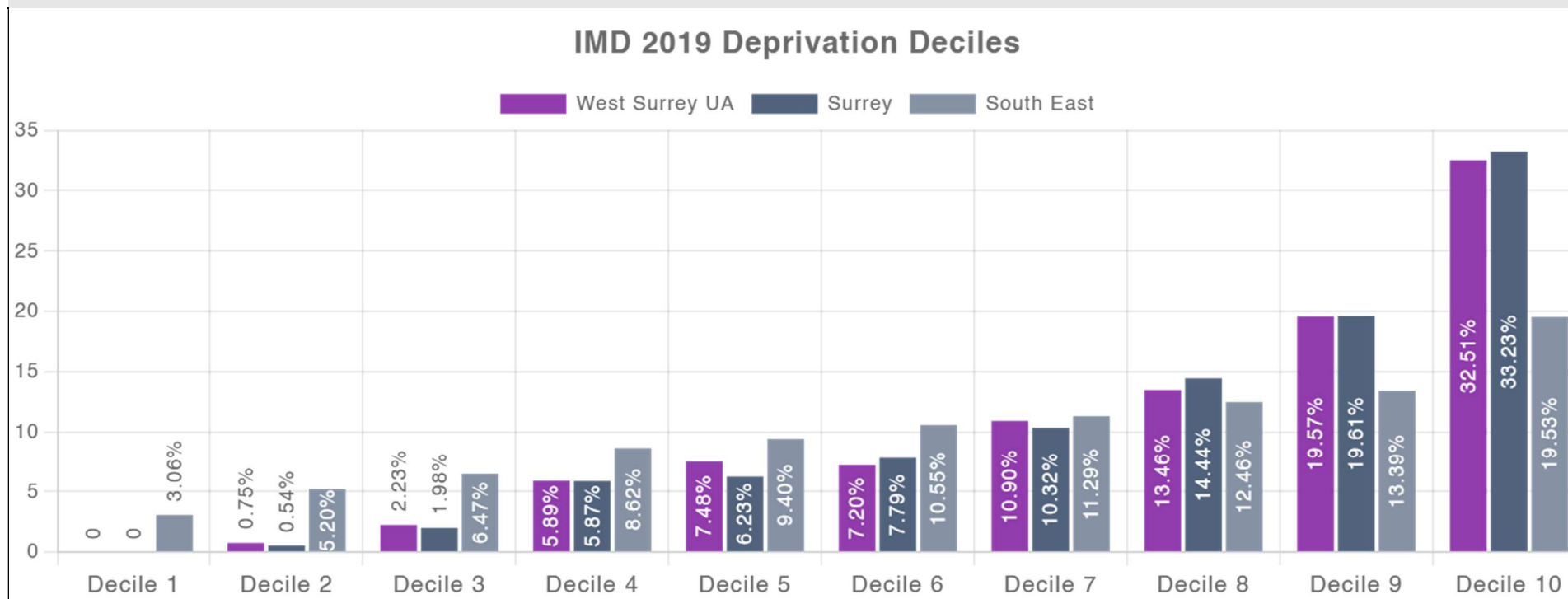
West Surrey UA has an IMD score of 10.28. This means that West Surrey UA has similar levels of deprivation to Surrey (10.08) and lower levels of deprivation to South East (15.55).

IMD Score	IMD Rank
10.28	24,713
(Surrey = 10.08, South East = 15.55)	(Surrey = 24,931, South East = 20,519)

Source: Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government (MHCLG; 2019)

The bar chart below explores this further, showing the proportion of people living in neighbourhoods grouped into deciles according to level of deprivation derived from the IMD. A higher score on the IMD indicates that an area is experiencing greater levels of deprivation. To clarify, all neighbourhoods in England are grouped into ten equal sized groups “deciles”; neighbourhoods in decile 1 fall within the most deprived 10% of neighbourhoods nationally, whilst neighbourhoods in decile 10 fall within the least deprived 10% of neighbourhoods nationally.

Deprivation Deciles



Source: Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government (MHCLG; 2019)

Unemployment

The following data shows the key unemployment indicators.

The table below shows the total number and proportion of people receiving Universal Credit (UC) or Job Seekers Allowance (JSA) by age and sex.

The proportion of working age people receiving benefits for unemployment in West Surrey UA was 2.45% in Sep-2025. This is similar to the average across Surrey (2.35%) and lower than the average across South East (3.16%).

Unemployment Benefit Claimants						
Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Unemployment benefit claimants (Jobseekers Allowance and out of work Universal Credit claimants)	10,210	2.45%	17,660	2.35%	183,165	3.16%
Youth unemployment (18-24 receiving JSA or Universal Credit)	1,705	2.95%	2,915	3.22%	32,855	4.58%

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Unemployment Benefit Claimants

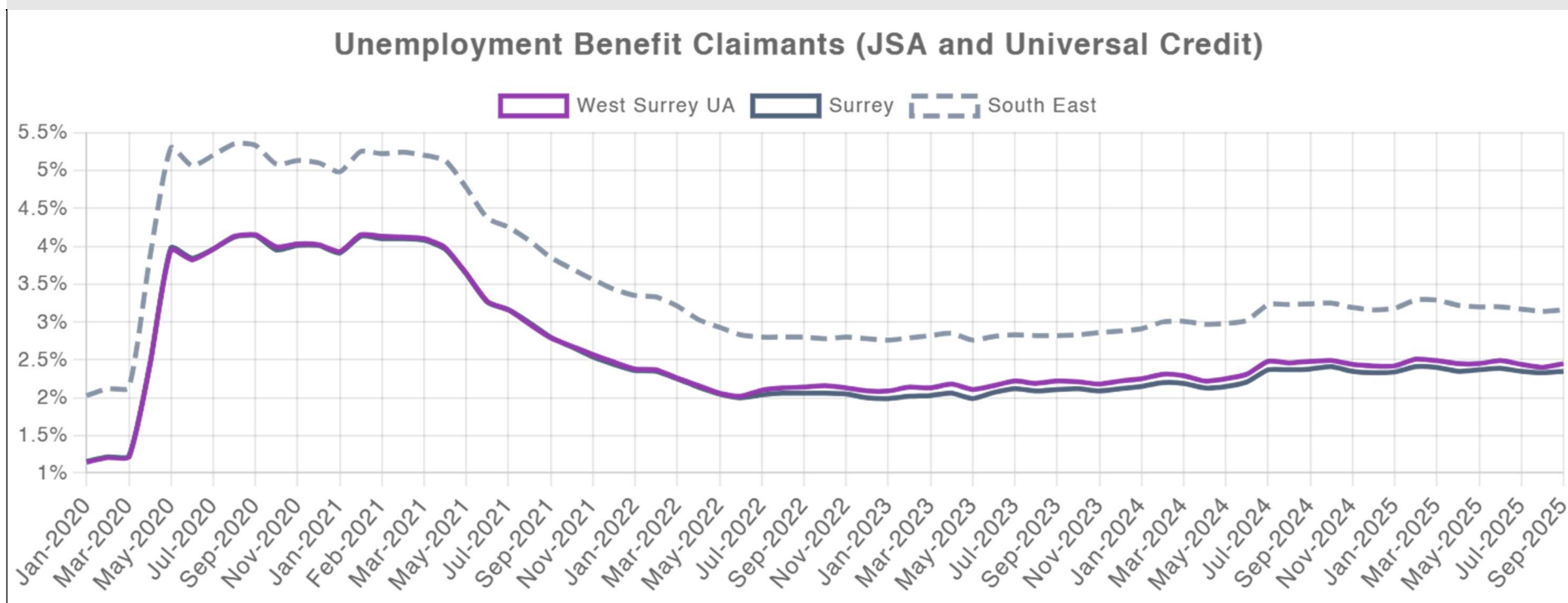
Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Older person unemployment (50+ receiving JSA or Universal Credit)	2,505	0.98%	4,475	0.94%	44,265	1.19%
Unemployment benefit (JSA and Universal Credit), female	4,760	2.25%	8,305	2.17%	83,375	2.84%
Unemployment benefit (JSA and Universal Credit), male	5,445	2.64%	9,355	2.53%	99,790	3.49%

Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

The chart below shows the total proportion of people receiving unemployment benefit (JSA or Universal Credit) between Jan-2020 and Sep-2025.

The total unemployment rate in West Surrey UA has increased from 1.14% in Jan-2020 to 2.45% in Sep-2025.

Unemployment Benefit Claimants (time series)



Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

Housing

Average House Prices

The figures below show the mean house prices by accommodation type across West Surrey UA and comparator areas for four key dwelling types (detached houses, semi-detached houses, terraced houses and flats). Data on house prices is from the [Land Registry open data, price-paid dataset](#). The Land Registry collect data on all housing transactions, published by individual property and date with the average house-price for all property types calculated on a rolling 12 months total.

The average property price for all dwelling types in West Surrey UA was £551,433 between Sep-2024 to Aug-2025. This is lower than within Surrey (£590,921) and higher than the average within South East (£440,050).

Note: Some small areas may not have had a transaction recorded within the twelve month period leading to gaps in the figures below.

Average House Price

£551,433

(Surrey = £590,921, South East = £440,050)

Source: UK Land Registry (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)

Average House Prices

Indicator	West Surrey UA	Surrey	South East
Detached Houses	£887,522	£970,825	£689,928
Semi-Detached Houses	£525,349	£562,280	£431,790
Terraced Houses	£430,801	£466,012	£352,895
Flats	£282,443	£302,671	£244,248

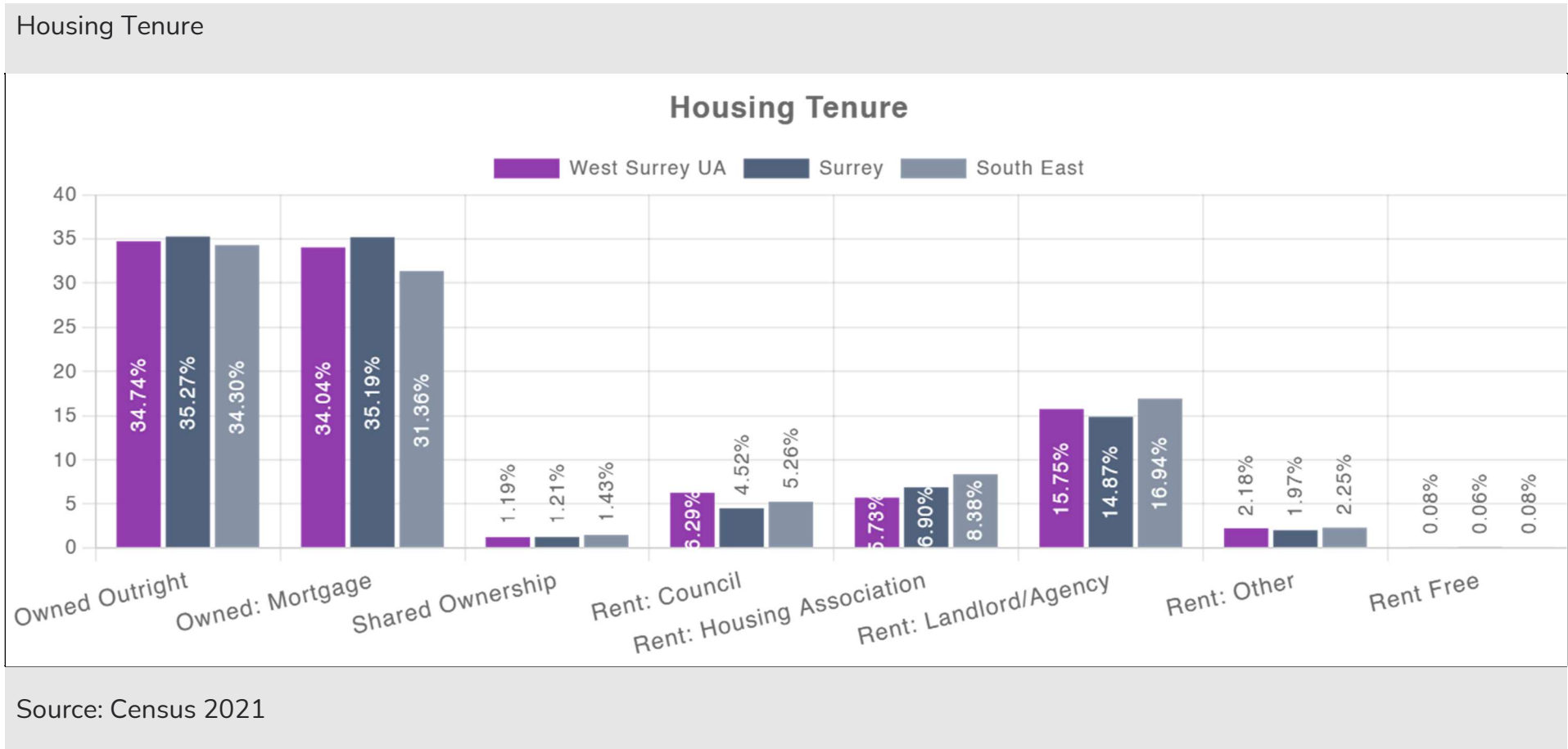
Source: UK Land Registry

Housing Tenure

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The chart below provides the proportion of the housing in the area by tenure type. The tenure of a household is derived from the response to the 2021 Census question asking whether the household owns or rents its accommodation and, if rented, from the response to the question asking who is the landlord.



Crime

The following data provides insight into the recorded crime rates in an area. The data is created using the rolling 12 month total of neighbourhood-level incidents for various types of offence as a rate per 1,000 residents. The incidents were located to the point at which they occurred and allocated to the appropriate lower super output area (LSOA). This is based on data for individual crime incidents published via the [Police UK open data portal](#) which has been linked by Local Insight to selected neighbourhoods.

Please note there can be missing data in Police.uk crime counts for certain areas. This is often due to issues with IT system changes at various police forces such as Devon and Cornwall, and Greater Manchester currently, which affects their reporting of figures to Police UK. Please see [Police UK's change log](#) for details of current known issues.

Crime and Anti-Social Behaviour Summary

The table below shows counts and rates for the main crime types and anti-social behaviour incidents between Sep-2024 to Aug-2025.

There were 49,830 total crime offences in West Surrey UA between Sep-2024 to Aug-2025, with the overall crime rate being 74.9 per 1,000 population. This is higher than the average across Surrey (71.8) and lower than the average across South East (82.7).

Crime and Anti-Social Behaviour Summary

Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Total Crime	49,830	74.9	87,421	71.8	776,362	82.7
Anti-Social Behaviour	7,655	11.5	13,485	11.1	104,680	11.2
Bicycle Theft	428	0.6	709	0.6	7,858	0.8
Burglary	1,638	6.2	3,132	6.5	24,769	6.5
Criminal Damage	4,004	6.0	7,041	5.8	60,464	6.4
Drug Crime	1,678	2.5	3,049	2.5	24,726	2.6
Other Crime	1,258	1.9	2,217	1.8	17,541	1.9
Other Theft	3,517	5.3	6,068	5.0	52,008	5.5
Shoplifting	3,608	5.4	6,063	5.0	75,519	8.0
Possession of Weapons	407	0.6	745	0.6	8,560	0.9
Public Order	4,888	7.4	8,389	6.9	57,487	6.1
Robbery	308	0.5	540	0.4	5,923	0.6
Theft From Person	311	0.5	547	0.4	5,714	0.6
Vehicle Crime	2,304	3.5	4,464	3.7	36,251	3.9

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Crime and Anti-Social Behaviour Summary

Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Violent Crime & Sexual Offences	17,826	26.8	30,972	25.4	294,862	31.4

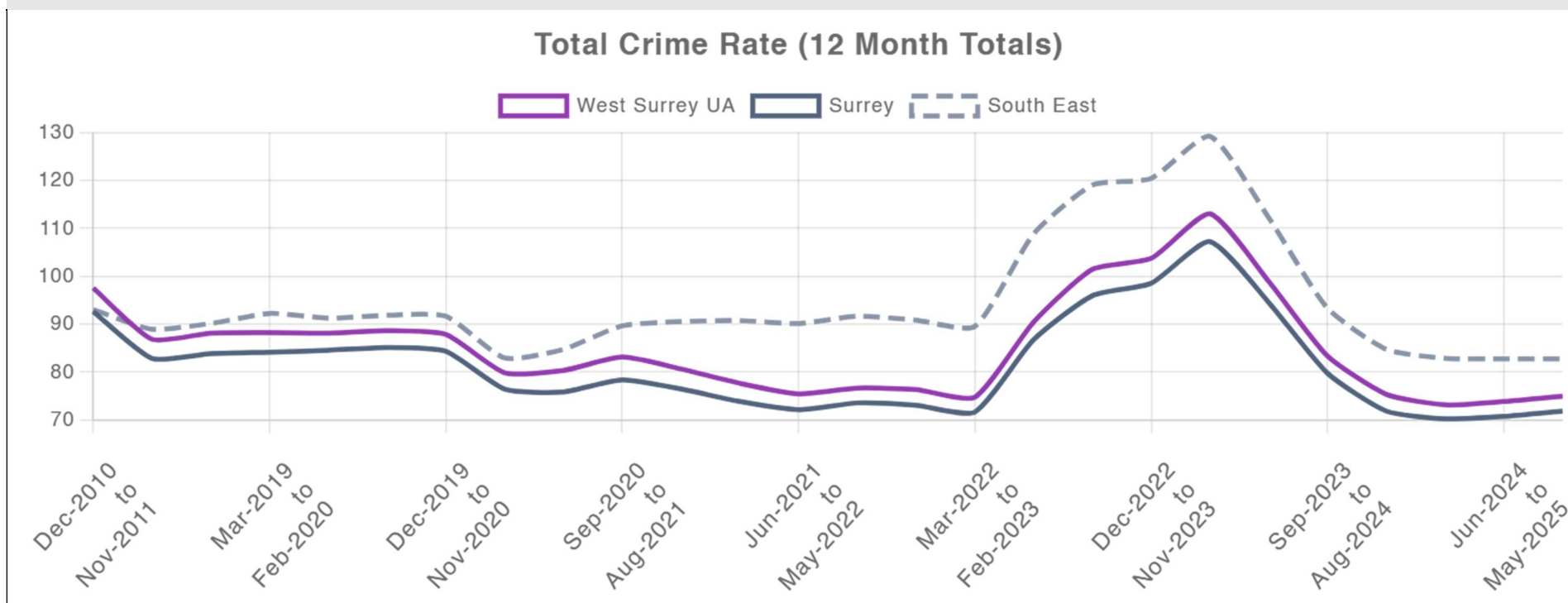
Source: Police UK

Total Crime Rate

The line chart below shows a time series made up of 12-month totals of neighbourhood-level incidents of criminal offences. The figure is a rate per 1,000 residents. The first data point covers Sep-2018 to Aug-2019 and the final data point covers Sep-2024 to Aug-2025.

The overall crime rate in West Surrey UA has decreased from 86.8 per 1,000 people between Sep-2018 to Aug-2019 to 74.9 per 1,000 people between Sep-2024 to Aug-2025.

Total Crime Rate



Source: Police UK

Health

Disability Benefits

The table below shows a series of indicators related to disability benefits providing the total numbers of claims and proportions within each area that are accessing the support systems available. It includes the following benefits;

- Personal Independence Payment (PIP) can help with extra living costs if you have both: a long-term physical or mental health condition or disability and difficulty doing certain everyday tasks or getting around because of your condition.
- Disability Living Allowance (DLA) is payable to children and adults who become disabled before the age of 65. It is being replaced by other benefits (mainly PIP).
- Attendance Allowance helps with extra costs if you are over 65 and have a disability severe enough that you need someone to help look after you.
- Universal Credit (UC) disabled child entitlement is an increased award for the child element of UC where a child is entitled to a rate of DLA or PIP.
- Universal Credit (UC) limited capability to work entitlement is for when a household member has limited capacity to work due to poor mental or physical health conditions.
-

5.33% of the working-age population in West Surrey UA are receiving Personal Independence Payments (PIP). This is similar to the proportion in Surrey (5.39%) and lower than the proportion in South East (7.58%).

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Disability Benefits						
Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
Personal Independence Payment (PIP)	22,230	5.33%	40,511	5.39%	439,488	7.58%
Disability benefit (DLA)	11,823	1.78%	21,003	1.73%	199,168	2.12%
Older people social care benefit (Attendance Allowance)	14,218	11.44%	26,657	11.49%	225,228	12.19%
Households on Universal Credit, Disabled Child Entitlement	3,895	1.48%	6,785	1.41%	70,602	1.85%
Households on Universal Credit - Limited Capability for Work Entitlement	10,082	3.84%	18,215	3.78%	211,663	5.56%

Source: Department for Work and Pensions (DWP)

Long-Term Physical/Mental Health Conditions

The boxes below show the number and proportion of people disabled under the Equality Act with different limitations on day-to-day activity and also for those who have a long term physical or mental health condition but are not limited day to day.

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Figures are taken from responses to the 2021 Census and are based on a self assessment of whether or not a person has a limiting long-term illness, health problem or disability which limits their daily activities or the work they can do, including problems that are due to old age.

In West Surrey UA, the proportion of people disabled under the Equality Act with their day-to-day activities limited a lot is 5.13%. This is similar to the proportion in Surrey (5.14%) and lower than the proportion in South East (6.26%).

<p>Day-to-Day Activities Limited a Lot</p> <p>33,748</p>	<p>Day-to-Day Activities Limited a Little</p> <p>58,054</p>	<p>Physical or Mental Health Condition but Day-to-Day Activities Are Not Limited</p> <p>49,037</p>
<p>5.13% (Surrey = 5.14%, South East = 6.26%)</p>	<p>8.83% (Surrey = 8.67%, South East = 9.87%)</p>	<p>7.46% (Surrey = 7.45%, South East = 7.53%)</p>

Source: Census 2021

Self-Reported General Health

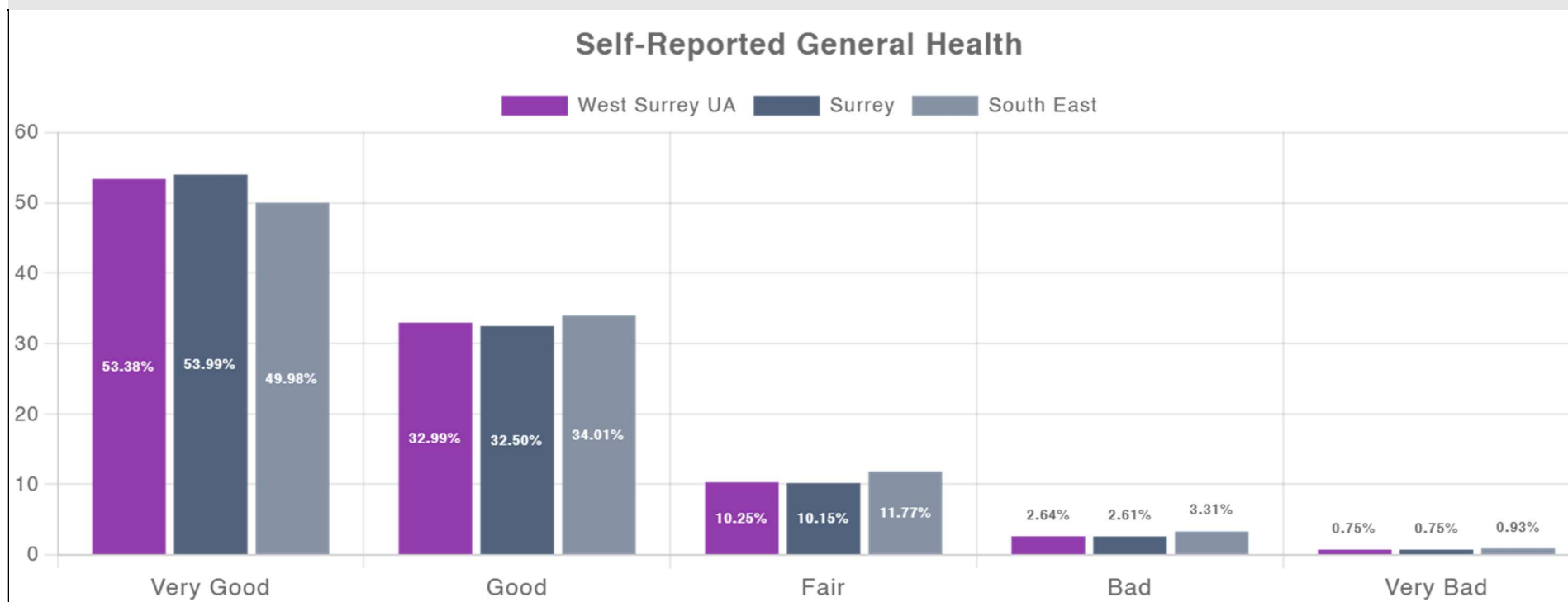
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The chart below shows data from Census 2021 on the proportion of residents within each response category from a self-assessment of general health.

0.75% of people in West Surrey UA have very bad health. This is similar to the proportion in Surrey (0.75%) and lower than the proportion in South East (0.93%).

Self-Reported General Health



Source: Census 2021

Education

Level of Qualification

The visualisations below shows the composition of people aged 16+ by level of qualification. Data is taken from the 2021 Census.

There are 23,066 people in West Surrey UA with an apprenticeship as their highest qualification, 4.3% of all people aged over 16. This is similar to the average for Surrey (4.19%) and similar to the average for South East (5.12%).

Level of Qualification						
Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
No Qualifications	70,575	13.17%	125,027	12.86%	1,162,221	15.38%
Level 1	46,030	8.59%	82,079	8.44%	739,122	9.78%
Level 2	69,211	12.92%	127,462	13.11%	1,046,800	13.86%
Apprenticeship	23,066	4.30%	40,761	4.19%	386,759	5.12%
Level 3	92,630	17.29%	160,632	16.52%	1,313,552	17.39%
Level 4+	220,592	41.17%	411,979	42.36%	2,702,048	35.77%
Other	13,731	2.56%	24,572	2.53%	204,078	2.70%

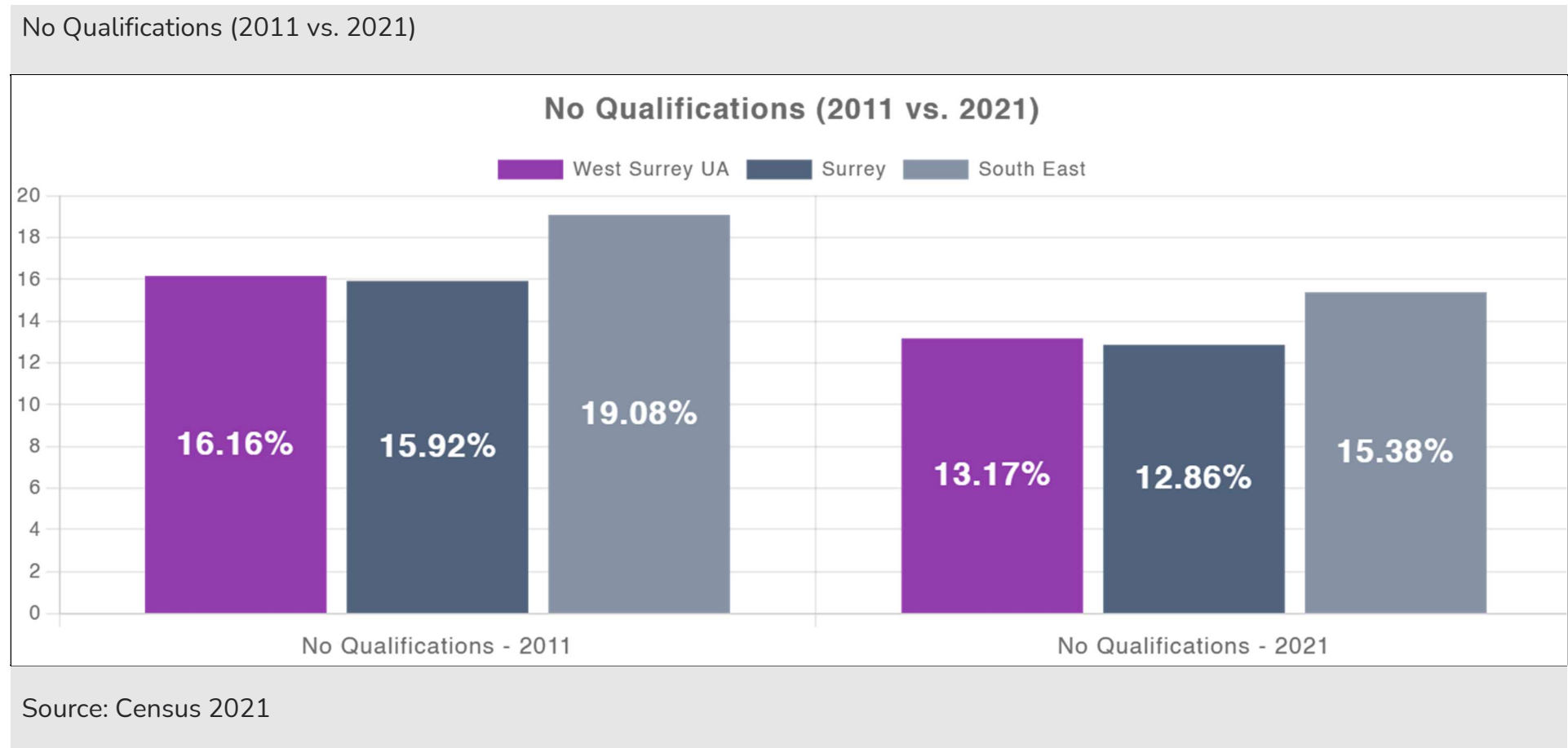
Source: Census 2021

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No Qualifications Over Time

The bar chart below is a visualisation of the change in the proportion of people with no qualifications over a 10 year period by comparing data from Census 2011 to Census 2021.



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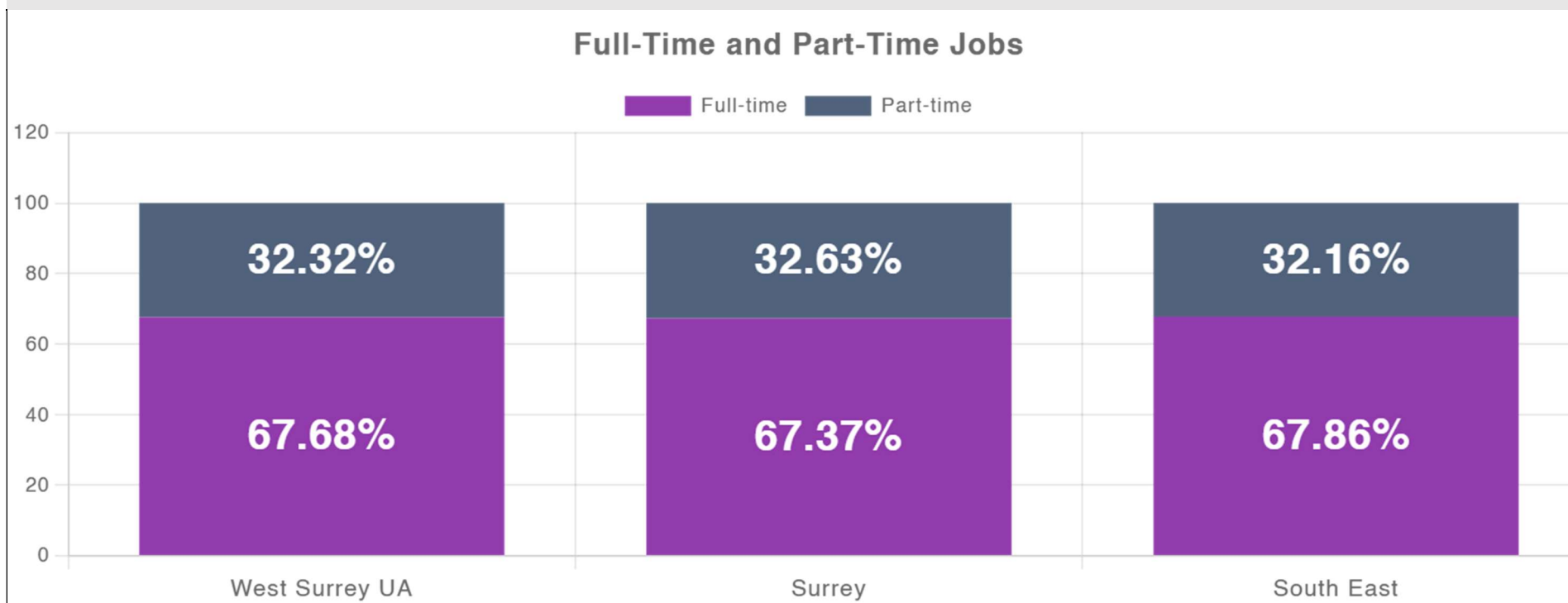
Employment

Full-Time and Part-Time Jobs

The chart below shows the number (rounded to the nearest 1,000) and proportion of all employee jobs that are full-time and part-time. Data is taken from the 2023 Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) of approximately 80,000 businesses and weighted to represent all sectors of the UK economy.

There are approximately 222,000 full-time jobs and 106,000 part-time jobs in West Surrey UA. The proportion of full-time jobs in West Surrey UA (67.68%) is similar to the proportion in Surrey (67.37%) and similar to the proportion in South East (67.86%).

Full-Time and Part-Time Jobs



Source: Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES)

Jobs Density

The chart below shows a time series of job density between 2009 and 2023 across West Surrey UA, Surrey and South East. Jobs density reflects the number of jobs located in the local area as a percentage of the working age population in that area. Data is taken

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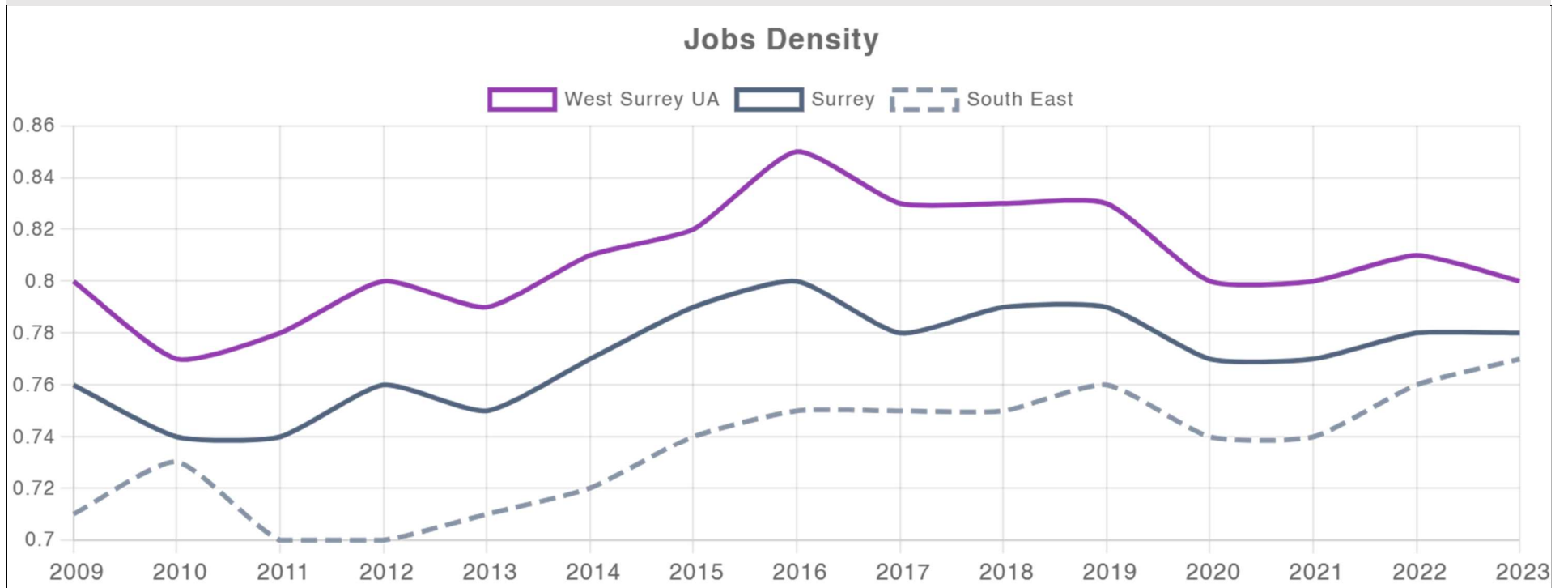
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from the Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) of approximately 80,000 businesses and weighted to represent all sectors of the UK economy.

In West Surrey UA, the jobs density has remained stable, from 0.80 in 2009 to 0.80 in 2023. This latest figure is similar to the proportion in Surrey (0.78) and similar to the proportion in South East (0.77).

The BRES definition of an employee is anyone working on the BRES reference date who is aged 16 years or over that the contributor directly pays from its payroll(s), in return for carrying out a full-time or part-time job or being on a training scheme.

Jobs Density



Source: Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES)

Communities and Environment

Community Needs Index (CNI) Ranks

The chart below shows the overall rank on the 2023 Community Needs Index (CNI), as well as a rank on each of the three CNI domains for West Surrey UA, Surrey and South East. The CNI was developed to identify areas experiencing poor community and civic infrastructure, relative isolation and low levels of participation in community life. The index was created by combining a series of 28 indicators, conceptualised under three domains: Civic Assets, Connectedness and Active and Engaged Community. A lower rank indicates that an area has relatively higher levels of need.

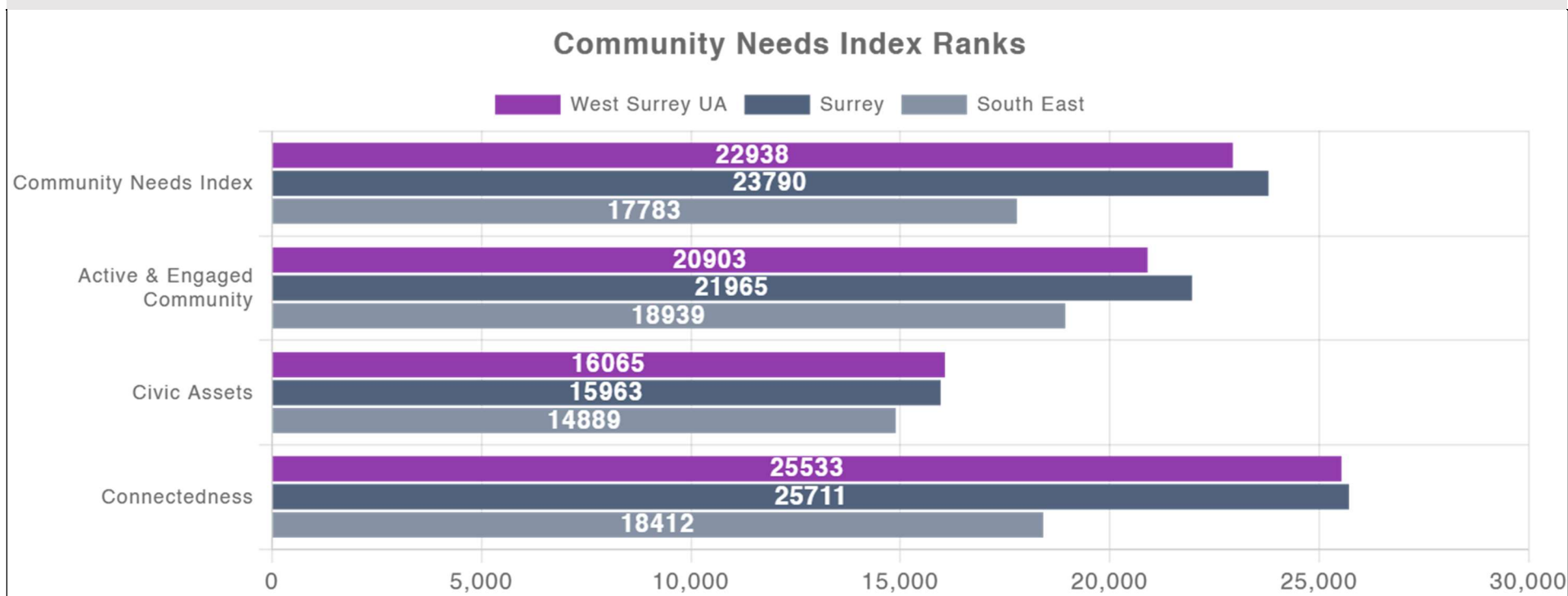
- Civic Assets: measures the presence of key community, civic, educational and cultural assets in a close proximity of the area. These include pubs, libraries, green space, community centres, swimming pools – facilities that provide things to do often, at no or little cost, which are important to how positive a community feels about its area.
- Connectedness: measures the connectivity to key services, digital infrastructure, isolation and strength of the local jobs market. It looks at whether residents have access to key services, such as health services, within a reasonable travel distance. It considers how good public transport and digital infrastructure are and how strong the local job market is.
- Active and Engaged Community: measures the levels of third sector civic and community activity and barriers to participation and engagement. It shows whether charities are active in the area, and whether people appear to be engaged in the broader civic life of their community.
-

West Surrey UA has an overall CNI rank of 22,938. This means that West Surrey UA has higher levels of community need than Surrey (23,790) and lower levels of community need than South East (17,783).

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CNI Rank



Source: Oxford Consultants for Social Inclusion (OCSI)

Indices of Deprivation (IoD) Air Quality

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The boxes below show modelled estimates of air quality based on the concentration of four pollutants: nitrogen dioxide, benzene, sulphur dioxide and particulates. Values for each of the pollutants were based on 2016 air quality data published by the UK Air Information Resource for 1km grid squares. A higher concentration indicates that an area is experiencing high levels of deprivation.

West Surrey UA's estimated concentration of nitrogen dioxide is 0.441. This is similar to the concentration in Surrey (0.431) and higher than the concentration in South East (0.397).

Nitrogen Dioxide	Benzene	Sulphur Dioxide	Particulates
0.441	0.108	0.030	0.417
(Surrey = 0.431, South East = 0.397)	(Surrey = 0.105, South East = 0.108)	(Surrey = 0.028, South East = 0.030)	(Surrey = 0.419, South East = 0.411)

Source: Ministry of Housing Communities and Local Government (MHCLG; 2016)

Access and Transport

Car Ownership

The table below shows the number and proportion of households according to their ownership of a car or van. This is based on responses to the car ownership question in the 2021 Census which asks information on the number of cars or vans owned, or are available for use, by one or more members of a household. This includes company cars and vans available for private use and is based on details for private households only. Cars or vans used by residents of communal establishments are not counted.

In West Surrey UA, 13.05% of households have no access to a car or van. This is similar to the proportion without access to a car or van in Surrey (12.71%) and less than the proportion without access to a car or van in South East (16.86%).

Car or Van Ownership						
Indicator	West Surrey UA		Surrey		South East	
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate
No Car	34,242	13.05%	61,260	12.71%	642,098	16.86%
1 Car	102,793	39.19%	194,819	40.43%	1,553,917	40.81%
2 Cars	88,848	33.87%	159,951	33.20%	1,163,276	30.55%
3+ Cars	36,411	13.88%	65,788	13.65%	448,675	11.78%

Source: Census 2021

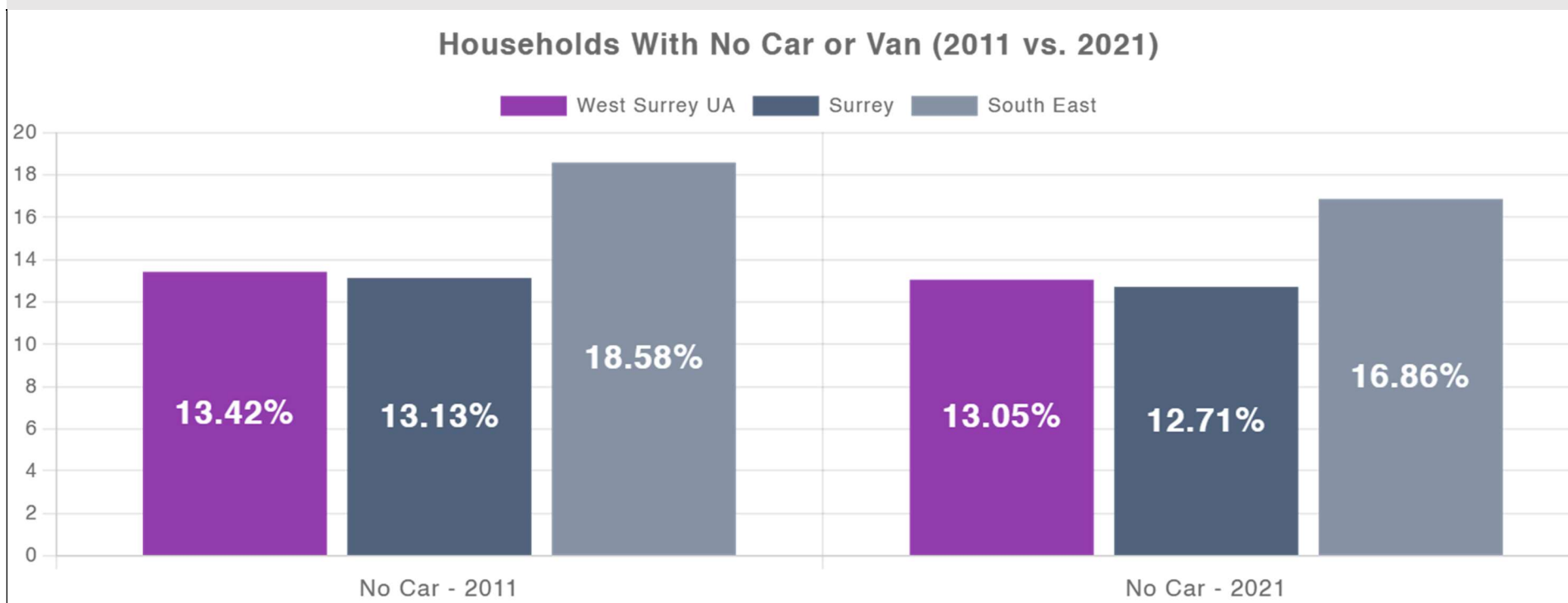
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The bar chart below shows the numbers of households with no car or van in the 2021 Census alongside the proportions from the previous Census to identify changes over time.

In 2011, 13.42% of households in West Surrey UA had no access to a car or van. This is similar to the proportion without access to a car or van in 2021 (13.05%).

Households With No Car or Van (2011 vs. 2021)



Source: UK Census

Appendix: Data sources

Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Population	Total population estimate	Office for National Statistics (ONS) (2022)
Population	Male population	Office for National Statistics (ONS) (2022)
Population	Female population	Office for National Statistics (ONS) (2022)
Population	Population aged 0 to 15	Office for National Statistics (ONS) (2022)
Population	Population aged 16 to 64	Office for National Statistics (ONS) (2022)
Population	Population aged 65 and over	Office for National Statistics (ONS) (2022)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 1	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)

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Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 2	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 3	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 4	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 5	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 6	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 7	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)

Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 8	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 9	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Population	IMD 2019 Decile 10	Communities and Local Government (CLG) (2019)
Unemployment	Unemployment benefit claimants (Jobseekers Allowance and out of work Universal Credit claimants)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Sep-2025)
Unemployment	Youth unemployment (18-24 receiving JSA or Universal Credit)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Sep-2025)
Unemployment	Older person unemployment (50+ receiving JSA or Universal Credit)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Sep-2025)

Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Unemployment	Unemployment benefit (JSA and Universal Credit), female	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Sep-2025)
Unemployment	Unemployment benefit (JSA and Universal Credit), male	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Sep-2025)
Unemployment	Unemployment benefit claimants (Jobseekers Allowance and out of work Universal Credit claimants)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Jan-2020)
Housing	Average house price for detached houses (12 months)	Land Registry (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Housing	Average house price for semi-detached houses (12 months)	Land Registry (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Housing	Average house price for terraced houses (12 months)	Land Registry (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Housing	Average house price for flats (12 months)	Land Registry (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)

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Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Housing	Housing owned outright (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Housing	Housing owned with a mortgage or a loan (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Housing	Housing in shared ownership (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Housing	Housing rented from council (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Housing	Housing rented from a Housing Association (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Housing	Private rented housing: Private landlord or letting agency (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Housing	Private rented: Other (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Housing	Living rent free (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)

Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Crime	Total crime offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Anti-social behaviour (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Bicycle theft offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Burglary (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Criminal damage (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Drug crime offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Other crime offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Other theft offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)

Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Crime	Shoplifting offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Possession of weapons offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Public order offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Robbery recorded offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Theft from the person offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Vehicle crime (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Violent crime and sexual offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Sep-2024 to Aug-2025)
Crime	Total crime offences (12 month total)	Police UK (Dec-2010 to Nov-2011)

Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Health	Personal Independence Payment (PIP)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Jul-2025)
Health	Disability benefit (DLA)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Feb-2025)
Health	Older people social care benefit (Attendance Allowance)	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (Feb-2025)
Health	Households on Universal Credit, Disabled Child Entitlement	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (May-2025)
Health	Households on Universal Credit - Limited Capability for Work Entitlement	Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) (May-2025)
Health	Very good health (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Health	Good health (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)

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Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Health	Fair health (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Health	Bad health (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Health	Very bad health (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Education	People with no qualifications (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Education	Highest level of qualification: Level 1 qualifications (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Education	Highest level of qualification: Level 2 qualifications (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Education	Highest level of qualification: Apprenticeship (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Education	Highest level of qualification: Level 3 qualifications (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)

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Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Education	Highest level of qualification: Level 4 qualifications and above (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Education	Highest level of qualification: Other qualifications (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Education	People with no qualifications (E&W Census 2011)	Census 2021 (2011)
Education	People with no qualifications (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Employment	Full-time employees	Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) (2023)
Employment	Part-time employees	Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) (2023)
Employment	Jobs density (jobs as a ratio of the working age population)	Business Register and Employment Survey (BRES) (2009)

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Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Communities and Environment	Community Needs Index 2023: Community Needs rank	Oxford Consultants for Social Inclusion (OCSI) (2023)
Communities and Environment	Community Needs Index 2023: Active and Engaged Community rank	Oxford Consultants for Social Inclusion (OCSI) and Local Trust (2023)
Communities and Environment	Community Needs Index 2023: Civic Assets rank	Oxford Consultants for Social Inclusion (OCSI) (2023)
Communities and Environment	Community Needs Index 2023: Connectedness rank	Oxford Consultants for Social Inclusion (OCSI) (2023)
Access and Transport	Households with no car (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Access and Transport	1 car or van in household (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Access and Transport	2 cars or vans in household (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)

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Theme	Data	Data source / time period
Access and Transport	Households with 3+ cars (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)
Access and Transport	Households with no car (E&W Census 2011)	Census 2011 (2011)
Access and Transport	Households with no car (Census 2021)	Census 2021 (2021)